Morning Oregonian.

PORTLAND, OREGON: SATURDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1883. NO. 832

INDIAN COMMISSIONER'S REPORT.

Commissioner Price Presents his Annual Synopsis of the Condition of Indian Affairs.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—The following is a synopsis of the annual report of Indian Commissioner Price: A decided advance has been made in the march of improvements among Indian tribes, particularly in the matter of industrial school education. Schools have been pursued to send children to school that heretofore resisted all efforts to induce them to do so. One question may be considered settled beyond controversy, and that is, an Indian must be taught to work for his own support and to speak the English language or give place to a people who do. Among the things needed to secure success and efficiency in solving the Indian problem are, first, appropriation to survey out boundaries of Indian reservations, so both Indians and white men may know where they have rights and where they have none; 2d, a law for punishment of persons who furnish arms or ammunition to Indians, as no such law now exists; 3d, more liberal appropriations for Indian police; 4th, an appropriation sufficient to defray the expense of detecting and prosecuting persons who furnish intoxicating liquors to Indians. No ardent spirits should be introduced into an Indian country under any pretense whatever, nor their sale be permitted within twenty miles of an Indian reservation. The practice of approving contracts to collect from the government money due Indians is one that ought not to exist. It is the duty of the government to see that the wards of the nation receive what is justly due them free of cost, and it is equally the duty of the government to see that no unjust claim is paid.

INDIANS SHOULD BE HELD RESPONSIBLE.

Congress should confer both civil and criminal jurisdiction on the several states and territories over all Indian reservations within their respective limits, and make the persons and property of an Indian amenable to the laws of the state or territory in which he may reside, except in cases where such property is expressly exempted by treaty or act of congress, and give him all rights in the courts accorded to other residents. The necessity of so legislating is apparent when it is known that 1,000 Indians have been murdered by Indians during the year, with the best results, and the commissioner is informed that no conviction has been had. Within 12 months past the murderers must be spotted by a resident of the reservation. Umbrella men never find the murderers of the Indians, and there's a sad lack of justice.

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A DEFICIENCY, HOWEVER.

The increase in the accommodations for Indian pupils which the school appropriation for the last fiscal year made possible, has been followed by a corresponding increase in attendance of pupils. Although there was still a deficiency in number provided at boarding schools during the year just closed of 6360, an increase of 634 over last year. The attendance on day schools has been 3014, an increase of 40 over the preceding year. Of the 5143 boarding pupils, 4396 attended schools on the reservations or in their immediate vicinity. Boarding and day schools are reported as a creditable success. Right new boarding schools have been opened, making the whole number now in operation, exclusive of training schools, seventy-seven. An industrial training school of the most educational kind in the Ute tribe. The southern Utes allowed twenty-seven youths to be taken to the Albuquerque school, although only one of the tribe had ever before attended any school of any description. Organization of a system of day schools is meeting with favor among unpatronized agents who have large and very religious societies, whose sole business can be is in wanting for the elevation of humanity, and we, from long experience, are presumably best informed as to the methods and time and means to be employed in such work. The commissioner again calls attention to the need of a school for Indians in Alaska.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Russia and Germany Making Preparations for Trouble.

THE CHOLERA, DISAPPEARING IN EGYPT.

Nihilist Free Discovered in Moscow—Russia Massing Troops on the Persian Frontier—France Makes Stringent Regulations.

ENGLAND.

BIG WINS THE HOUGHTON HANDICAP.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—The Houghton handicap was won by Brig, Prism second, J. R. Keene's Solero third. There were four starters.

CROSSED THE CHANNEL.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—Copeman and four others have crossed the channel from Dover to Calais in nineteen hours.

NO ADVANCE TO BE ALLOWED.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—Arbitrators decide that the South Stafford colliers are not entitled to an advance to wages.

FRANCE.

WAR NOTES AND TOPICS.

PARIS, Oct. 26.—The interpellation on the Tonquin question, which M. Grunet proposed to introduce into the chamber of deputies Saturday, has been postponed until Monday.

General Bonat, late commander of the French forces at Tonquin, has arrived at Marseilles.

RIGID REGULATIONS.

PARIS, Oct. 26.—The *Republique Francaise* publishes the edict of Dr. Hesmonod, French civil commissioner in Tonquin, in accordance with which, by virtue of the Hue treaty, all persons of no matter what nationality, who continue to fight against the French, will be put to death.

FALSE IMPRESSIONS OF THE TONQUIN TROUBLE.

PARIS, Oct. 26.—The Chinese legation, finding the yellow book full of contusions and suppressions, have determined to publish all documents bearing upon the Tonquin negotiations, in order to set themselves right in the public opinion of Europe.

MINISTERIAL CHANGES CONTEMPLATED.

PARIS, Oct. 26.—It is believed in the lobbies of the chambers that Minister of Finance Tertid will resign. It is reported that Prime Minister Ferry is negotiating Leon Say for the place, but the latter declines.

SPAIN.

UNSETTLED CLAIMS.

MADRID, Oct. 26.—Gonzael have examined the claims of American citizens for losses incurred during the Cuban revolt, but no decision has been arrived at.

PORTUGAL.

STANLEY'S CONDUCT PROVOKED AGAINST.

LISBON, Oct. 26.—The Geographical Society has addressed a circular to similar societies abroad protesting against the tone of Stanley's letter relative to affairs on the Congo river as offensive toward Portugal.

RUSSIA.

AMERICAN ENTERPRISE OBJECTED TO.

ST. PETERSBURGH, Oct. 26.—Owing to the jealousy of foreign capitalists, the newspapers are fiercely attacking the establishment, favored by government, of a united company of American, French and Russian capitalists, with a capital of 25,000,000 roubles, for erection of American grain elevators throughout the empire.

NIHILIST PRESS DISCOVERED.

BERLIN, Oct. 26.—It is reported a press for printing a nihilist periodical has been discovered in the house of Professor Wagner, while faculty reviewing 75,000 troops in Poland, severely commented upon their inefficiency and emphasized the urgent necessity for important reforms.

GERMANY.

DECREASE OF EXPORTS TO AMERICA.

BERLIN, Oct. 26.—Official statistics show a decrease of only 31 per cent. in the present year's exports of the United States from Berlin, Bremen, Breslau, Chemnitz, Dresden, Hamburg, Leipsic and Stettin, as compared with last year. The above statistics show an increase this year of 29 per cent. over the exports of 1881.

PREPARING FOR A POSSIBLE WAR.

BERLIN, Oct. 26.—Germany and Russia are increasing their forces on the Polish frontier. Russian villages are crowded with Cossacks, while German garrisons and fortifications are being strengthened.

ITALY.

THE POPE BECOMES INDIGNANT.

ROME, Oct. 26.—It is stated the pope will declare the Pantheon a pagan temple if the monument to Victor Emanuel is erected in the center, as indicated by King Humbert.

EGYPT.

CHOLERA DISAPPEARING IN UPPER EGYPT.

ALEXANDRIA, Oct. 26.—Cholera has reappeared in Fayoum, on the west side of the Nile, and at Zifteh.

CENTRAL AMERICA.

YELLOW FEVER IN NICARAGUA.

PANAMA, Oct. 26.—Several cases of yellow fever occurred in the interior of Nicaragua. Senator Pie Bananste was one of the first victims.

INDIA.

THE INFORMERS ARRIVE AT CALCUTTA.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—The Irish informers, Michael Kavanagh, Joseph Smith and Joseph Hanlon, have arrived in Calcutta. They were shipped as grooms on the steamer which took horses from Melbourne to the former port.

PERSIA.

RUSSIAN TROOPS ON THE FRONTIER.

TEHERAN, Oct. 26.—Russians have located a force of 11,000 troops at Askabod, in the Tekke country, and another thousand have been recently dispatched towards the Teyend river, near the Persian frontier.

MEXICO.

TERRIBLE RAVAGES OF YELLOW FEVER AT MAZATLAN.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 26.—J. A. Robertson, formerly of this city, has just returned from Mexico, and tells a terrible story of the unmitigated horrors the ravages of yellow fever at Mazatlan. He went there in August last to buy a sugar plantation, and was attacked with fever, but recovered. "A few days before I left," he says, "I went to the cemetery, where I learned from the gatekeeper that during the two months of fever there has been passed in from 3000 to 5000 dead. He says he has kept a record of number, as some days they came so thick that it was impossible to keep the tally. It is said that in one week the deaths numbered fully 900. The Americans there were severely attacked. Among those known to have died were a gentleman from Dixon, California; A. F. Rogers, Moreno Adams, F. Holmes, George Esher and John McEwan of San Francisco; Robert Thomas of Pennsylvania. Marcia Montes of Victoria, B. C., and William Cornelius of Virginia City. These are only the names," added Mr. Robertson, "of those I can think of at present; but there are many others." He says most positively that the danger is not over yet at Mazatlan, that its criminal to say that it is. The health officer positively told him at the time that part authorities at Mazatlan were willing to give the steamer Granada a clean bill of health.

SOUTH AMERICA.

A MISSION FROM PERU.

PANAMA, Oct. 26.—William Nobell, a planter on a very extensive scale, has gone to New York. It is rumored he is on his way to Europe, commissioned by Iglesias to effect some arrangement which will enable some of the paper money with which Peru was swamped to be withdrawn.

CRIMINAL CALENDAR.

AN ATROCIOUS MURDER.

WAUSEON, O., Oct. 26.—An atrocious murder was committed five miles from here Tuesday night. A farmer named George Williams drove into Wauseon that afternoon with a load of clover seed, for which he received quite a large sum. After returning home nothing was seen of him or his family by the neighbors for two days, and last evening search was instituted. In a barn was found the corpse of Williams, the head almost severed from his body. His wife was found in the house with her head split open and brains coming out, while a six-year-old infant was found on the bed nearly starved. Money and valuables known to have been in possession of the family were missing. Last night the marshal at Wauseon arrested a man named Johnson, who had in his possession a watch known to belong to Williams, and Johnson was held to answer to the charge of murder.

CHICAGO "TIMES" SUED FOR LIBEL.

CHICAGO, Oct. 26.—The People's Railway Company of America, organized at Indianapolis a few months ago, with an authorized capital of $175,000,000, dividends to be paid stockholders in transportation, has brought suit to-day against Wilbur F. Story, proprietor of the *Times*, laying damages at $500,000, for publication of an article intimating that the company was a fraud.

STRIKING MINERS INDICTED.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 26.—Fifty operators in the coal mines of St. Clair county, Illinois, have been indicted for violating the law requiring scales for weighing coal to be placed in each mine. Between fifty and one hundred miners lately engaged in the strike at the railroad yards in East St. Louis were also indicted. The strike has formally ended.

CONVICTED OF VIOLATING NEUTRALITY LAWS.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 26.—Captain Rand and mate Thomas Sanders have been found guilty, convicted of violating the neutrality laws by furnishing arms and ammunition to insurgents in Hayti, have been sentenced to one year's imprisonment and a fine of $500.

MINERS COUNTERSUITES ARRESTED.

CHICAGO, Oct. 26.—The men who were arrested at the stock yards a few days ago for assaulting Contractor Sanders have been identified by Frank McGuire, alias Moore, of the noted McCarthey gang of burglars and counterfeiters.

THE NORTHERN PACIFC A D SAN FRANCISCO.

Nearly Five Thousand Persons Die of Yellow Fever at Mazatlan.

CALIFORNIANS AID THE NORTHERN PACIFIC.

Chinese Immigration Wonderfully in Numbers—Death of Major Nolan of the Third Cavalry—Minor Notes, Etc.

Shipwreck Off Cape Horn.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 25.—Captain Raymond of the British bark Emile L. Boyd, which arrived last night, 151 days from London, reports that during a fall in a heavy storm off Cape Horn he saw a bark standing off about a quarter of a mile distant from his own vessel. The next instant its vessel was struck by a squall, which lasted for about fifteen minutes. When the sea was again quiet the crew gazed anxiously for the bark, but no sign of her was visible. The captain, fearful of a collision, went to the masthead and scanned the horizon in vain. The conclusion was forced upon him that the unknown vessel must have gone down with all on board. He described her as being of North American build.

Spreckels and the Sugar Crop.

The statement is made by a gentleman recently from the Sandwich Islands that Claus Spreckels, proprietor of the California sugar refinery, has contracted to purchase the entire sugar crop of the islands, with the condition that it be shipped only in his vessels. This precludes vessels carrying general merchandise on part of the island from getting a return cargo to this port.

A Profitable Chinese Industry.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 26.—Regarding the unusual number of Chinese "traders" that have been arriving, and about which so much has been said in the newspapers, the custom house officers state that the Chinese superintendent of customs at Canton is doing a good business furnishing "traders" certificates at from $3 50 to $5 each.

Aid Asked for the Northern Pacific.

The Merchants' Exchange' association for the prevention of railroad extension, have issued a circular in opposition to the joint circular issued by railroad companies recently, regarding the removal of special commissions. The merchants' exchange circular is an appeal to merchants throughout the state to give their patronage to the Northern Pacific road as a competing line.

New Union Pacific Representative Appointed.

The Union Pacific railroad has appointed George J. Cowan, who has been connected with the company in this city, assistant general passenger and freight agent for Oregon, Washington and British Columbia, with headquarters at Portland. The appointment goes into effect November 1.

Sailed from San Francisco Before.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 26.—Inspectors Shelton and Hasscom started for Boston this afternoon with forger Dewey, alias Halpart.

Respecting the seizure reported yesterday of 4000 Chinese contained letters which were to be shipped over on the steamer Pekin, further investigation to-day by the postal authorities goes to show the number of letters sent from here to China through the mails has been largely on the increase. The supposition is that a similar system of fraud is practiced by the Chinese with letters of the outgoing steamers as has recently been revealed in the government loose about $200 on every Chinese mail from this port.

The *Bulletin* this evening publishes a tabulated statement showing the increase in the number of Chinese arriving provided with Chinese government "traders'" certificates, omitting them to land in the United States. The steamer of June 17 last brought the first lot of 1000 to this city from China direct. The next brought thirty-nine, and so on, increasing up to 111 on the last.

JACOB S. TABER.

President of the board and head of the firm of Taber, Harker & Co., wholesale grocers, said that it was rather too soon yet to estimate with any degree of accuracy the effect of the Northern Pacific road on San Francisco trade. It might have somewhat disturbing effect on business; it might, perhaps, alter a little the regular channels of trade, but he did not believe that it would do San Francisco any harm. It is also his firm of business the amount of eastern goods sold to the Oregon trade was about 20 per cent, as against 80 per cent. of California goods. Of course, when competition is that a similar system of fraud is practiced by the Chinese with letters of the outgoing steamers as has recently been revealed in the government loose about $200 on every Chinese mail from this port.

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ITEM.

Mormons Want Governor Murray Removed.

SALT LAKE, Oct. 26.—The Salt Lake *Herald*, Mormon church paper, in a bitter article on Governor Murray, calls for his removal. It says he is the best governor Utah ever had, the Gentiles and law abiding people will stand by him to a man. His only offense is that he enforces the laws enforced in Utah as in any other portion of the United States.

A Money King's Gutter Language.

From W. H. Vanderbilt's sketch of W. K., in the Tribune, organ of the beat people.

"I thought he was but one of the breed if he had allowed himself to be swerved by those 'bears' in Wall street, but he can buy 'em all up—the men who started the lies about his failure. He never 'expects' as they do either, and he never gives up as the men who started the lies about Ohio and Michigan Southern railroads. Fully 65 per cent. of our shipments to Oregon were of local product or manufacture, and could not be obtained from any other source. That made no small heap. Of the remaining 35 per cent., at least 10 per cent. was made up of foreign manufacture which came here by ship, leaving only 25 per cent. of eastern goods we oh came by land. Of this amount, perhaps half was small orders to sort up stock, wanted in a hurry, and which would naturally be still purchased in San Francisco. This left 10 per cent. of trade for which Chicago and other markets could compete, as Oregon houses could do on wholesale accounts. San Francisco houses had men on the road and would at least get a share of that. But suppose, by the special favoritism of the Northern Pacific, San Francisco's trade was to be lessened 50 per cent. Then a compensation in the shape of an extra demand in Oregon for California products consequent upon its increased settlement up north. Induced by this new railroad. All the talk about Portland 'leading' trade, and the building up of a new city on Puget Sound, Mr. Davis considered without foundation. Portland had got to the limit of growth as an any other city, because it had behind it a well settled farming country. Puget sound had not this advantage. It was backed by a lumber and coal industry, three large cities employed and to-day were built up big cities. It would be many years before people farmed land that needed clearing, so long as there was level valley land close of timber and well watered, to be obtained."

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THE MAINLINE TRADE.

A member of the firm of Holbrook, Merrill & Stetson, hardware importers, said that he only anticipated increased trade from the opening of the Northern Pacific railroad, though in some lines of goods it would affect them. The effect would be of placing more reliance on local manufacturers. While people talked as if eastern compe tion was a horrible bugbear, he felt that California competition with the eastern states was distinctly preferable to the Atlantic seaboard had cause to dread. This coast could and would soon be manufacturing hundreds of articles now imported. Day by day the local manufactures increased, and he had yet to see one started that had not been a success. The ships that came here for wheat brought coal as ballast at a nominal figure. Hence the low rates that could be made in this state to compete with the imported article. He did not think that the policy of the Northern Pacific railroad was to build up San Francisco, but circumstances were strongly in its favor, and the trade and other advantages that this place has were her safeguard.

WILLIAM T. COLEMAN.

Whose name handles by far the largest portion of the Northern Pacific shipping crop, and has the best possible information on this subject, laughed at the idea of the Northern Pacific railroad or any other railroad injuring San Francisco's trade to any extent. "Why, the men who take their 7 per cent. interest will have all the money in time." And I remember that a short time before his death, when we were issuing the Nevada bonds, he said: "I would like to buy 7 per cent bonds because the title would run around for ever."

These stories about Mr. Ilam K. are an outrage, a shameful outrage. The 'bears' must be hard run when they have to start such lies to help themselves. Suppose he had been in business? Why, the circulation of such rumors might have hurt the credit of any other place, and more so, and if San Francisco be true to herself no powers on earth can prevent her from continuing the high place she has held as heretofore, but from pushing her lines of trade still further. I may ship some goods by the Northern Pacific railroad, but in the main the profits will still be in San Francisco houses. Should the Northern Pacific railroad ever attempt to show such favors to Portland as would hurt San Francisco merchants, I feel confident that the Central Pacific and Southern Pacific lines would stand by us. Their interests are ours in this matter. While the Northern Pacific railroad may try to cheat San Francisco out of her trade, the Central Pacific will not permit it, but will be in San Francisco's cause. Should the Northern Pacific railroad ever attempt to show such favors to Portland as would hurt San Francisco merchants, I feel confident that the Central Pacific and Southern Pacific lines would stand by us. Their interests are ours in this matter. While the Northern Pacific railroad may try to cheat San Francisco out of her trade, the Central Pacific will not permit it, but will be in San Francisco's cause.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

An Open Letter to Mr. Lendrum and Mr. Rinard, Members of the Legislative Assembly.

SIRS: Your recent efforts at Olympia, in attempting to defeat the bill granting to the women of this territory the right of suffrage, have secured for you a cheap and unenviable notoriety. You have succeeded in getting your names printed in a newspaper, and may yet have the satisfaction of seeing them in the *Police Gazette*, together with your photographs and your maiden speeches. This is the cheap part of your notoriety. The unfortunate part consists in your failing to get at it being so unmercifully "mopped in your own vomit."

You appear my sirs, that I am told, in preparation and in dressing yourselves up in lion skins, for the purpose of creating terror and dismay among the advocates of equal rights. But, unfortunately, the long ears protrudes, and created nothing but ridicule and contempt. You may have heard of what Bobby Burns said of "the best laid schemes of mice and men." Don't lose your preparations were worthy of a better cause, and it is safe to say that your "wives and mothers" [if you have any] will learn of your inglorious defeat with no surprise and no regret.

Under such embarrassing circumstances you may not be in a position "frame of mind" to be thoroughly reviewed or to answer questions. I dislike to add to your discomfiture, by saying that your speeches on the occasion referred to, are justly property. Very few will claim them as property of any kind. But by whatever name your utterances may be called, you must not be offended if you are called upon to vindicate them.

Permit me, therefore, to ask, who constituted you the mouthpieces of the women of this territory? Who authorized you to say, "women as not want to vote?" Have not petitions, largely signed by women, been presented to the legislative assembly, now in session, asking that the right of suffrage may be allowed to women? And will not you in the capitol of the territory to procla m that equal rights will not make wives and mothers better and purer women? Did the wives and mothers of the country from which you come send you here, for such purpose? Did they have any voice in sending you there? Can any person, or set of persons, be sent before you who have been, "They are slaves who have no part in making the laws by which they are governed." Is your mother not you, my sirs, a citizen? Is your mother not you, my sirs, a citizen? Is your mother not you, my sirs, a citizen?

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, OCT. 27, 1883

METHOD IN MUNIFICENCE.

The St Louis *Republican* of October 16, under the caption, "A St. Louis Merchant gives an interesting account of the life of James Smith, merchant of that place, whose estimate is 'Bountiful in his charities, broad in his Christianity, devoted in his friendship." He lived a life of great simplicity, avoiding every kind of ostentation, and gave away one- half of his income and property for charitable and philanthropic uses That which is o most interest in the record is the method which this good and wise man pursued Nearly thirty years ago he made a will in which he gave one' half of his property to his friend and pastor, now Chancellor Eliot of Washington university for such charitable, religious or educational purposes as he might select. This phraseology was changed four years before his death, because, on taking legal advice, it was found that a will constituting an indefinite trust such as the above phrase implies might be broken and the testator's wishes set aside Mr Smith then gave by will the one-half of his property without reservation to the same personal friend, preferring not to name specific trusts The article in the *Republican* above alluded to is an informal rendering of account by Dr Eliot for six years of the sums thus placed in his keeping He justly regarded himself as an agent, to carry out, to his best ability the general purposes of the testator, as expressed in his first will, and as illustrated by his own example during the last twenty years of his life.' The total amount thus devised, including interest, was $190,403, for the expenditure of which in educational foundation and other charities, there are vouchers on hand, and the full evidence in the community. This, added to Mr Smith's gifts and benefactions during his life time, aggregate a sum of $336 000 most of which passed through the hands of the same life-long friend. This method of making a will, always provided that such confidence can be given, furnishes a useful suggestion to benevolently inclined persons. It amounts to what George McDonald calls "indorsing a man" Ordinarily the devising of money to specific objects is difficult to adjust, and without great care there is waste or loss to those who are to receive it. This plan of giving money outright to a trusted friend, who knows the general wishes or tastes of the testator, or to whom these wishes can be communicated by an open memorandum, furnishes an easy method of will-making, and the real intentions are more likely to be carried out than by specific and zealously worded trusts

HARD WOOD

Wagons and carriages of the best class are turned out from Oregon shops, but the materials of which they are made are all imported The wood, the iron, the paint and the leather all come from afar off The wood and the leather at least, we ought to produce here Our best hard wood is the oak and that is not, perhaps fit for all uses, but it ought be employed for many parts of even the finest vehicles It has been condemned often on unfair first trial Oak cut at the wrong season carelessly tempered and badly worked, is one quality of wood and oak well selected, seasoned slowly ap with intelligence and care, and well worked is quite another quality. We believe that if Oregon oak were handled with the same care given to the eastern hard woods it would be found firm and durable for nearly all the uses of carriage makers, and it would be worth while to try the experiment at least If however, it should be found that Oregon oak will not answer the need for hard wood, we should go about growing something that will Singularly, while all the natural conditions for the growth of hard wood are here, the trees are not here Planted they grow with hardy thrift, and in the fullest excellance of fibre and size A tree which will mature in fifteen years may be sold for twenty dollars, and during the years of its growth it is a thing of beauty, it needs no nursing, and it takes up no room If farmers generally would plant rows of hard wood trees about their places, after a few years we should not have to import a stock of hickory, and the profit to the country would be very great Fifteen years is a long time to wait for a crop to mature, but the interest on the original investment of a few cents and a little labor, would be great. Every father tries to lay by a store for his growing boy, and what investment could be surer, or what could breed faster than a grove of growing hard wood trees?

A LOCAL ENTERPRISE.

The Washington county *Independent* reports that a scheme is on foot to establish a fruit and vegetable cannery at Hillsboro. Portland capitalists are back of the enterprise, though it is desired and expected that stock will be taken in Washington county by people to whom the establishment must look for its working product. The *Independent* says that while Washington county has every natural condition for the production of fine fruits and vegetables in great quantities, the close attention given to wheat growing, with the lack of a ready home market, has prevented large production of that class. It points out to farmers the profits to be gained by a modification of their industry, and urges them to improve their gardens and to plant fruit trees.

Such an enterprise as that proposed at Hillsboro cannot fail of success if properly managed. The original product can be easily produced, the market is here and prices are high. The single establishment of this class in the state is in a flourishing condition, though it has struggled against difficulties which the proposed enterprise, in all likelihood, would not encounter. Joint stock companies in California and elsewhere are engaged largely in this business, and find it profitable, and there is no reason why the result should be otherwise in Oregon where the conditions are so favorable for success

Many of the journals of the country are predicting the failure of the cheap newspaper movement in New York They say that such journals as the *Times* and *Herald* will be obliged to go back to their old prices or reduce expense of publication. The former will be difficult, and the latter will reduce the quality and value of the newspapers It is asserted in many quarters that the *Times*, which led in the reduction, did a foolish and ill considered thing But in fact the policy of that paper is not the result of hasty action. It had long been contemplated and fully weighed. Still, it looks as if the reduction were as yet only an experiment, and the press of the whole country will watch the result with much interest

The remains of Captain H H Pierce the poet and soldier who died near Foster creek in eastern Washington early in the summer, were finally interred last week in the military cemetery at Fort Spokane The body was removed from its temporary resting place by Lieutenant Sol F Sparrow, and the final burial was attended with the fullest military ceremonies which the little establishment at Spokane could bestow And although it was not possible for any member of Captain Pierce's family to be present, there was not lacking at the last scene the higher honors of woman's tears and of manly grief,

The Cincinnati *Volksblatt* remarks concerning the notable increase of the republican vote in the German wards of Cincinnati, that it is due, first to the revived attachment of the Germans to the Republican party, and, secondly, to their recognition of the propriety of taxation of the liquor traffic. The *Volksblatt* says a large proportion of the Germans consider it entirely proper that the state should derive a revenue from that traffic.

THE EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

The Protestant Episcopal Church is the oldest religious body in the country Its impressive liturgy was read at Jamestown seven years before the pilgrims landed at Plymouth But it is only within recent years that it has had here a hardy growth It did not attain its complete organization until 1783, when White and Provost were consecrated at Lambeth palace Prior to that time the clergy were dependent for ordination on the mother country and in New England for pecuniary support as well. This led to a wide-spread suspicion that in some way they were rendered subservient to the political designs o the British government But political prejudice was not the only thing that impaired the influence of the church In the southern states where its strength was greatest, the careless lives of the clergy alienated many who were sincerely attached to its forms A clergyman in Virginia frankly confessed that whatever might be the case with the people of the north, those o the middle and southern provinces were entirely not remarkable for taking much interest in the concerns of religion" The revolution reduced it almost to annihilation" because the clergy, with a few notable exceptions, were tories, and at the close of the war many of them entertained scruples against taking the oath of allegiance required in some of the states Patrick Henry 'hurled the hot thunderbolts of his wrath against the tithe gathering clergy In New England where it had been scarcely more than a missionary church "the breath of popular sentiment set so strongly against it that its continuance was almost as precarious as that of a newly transplanted tree amidst the sweepings of the whirlwinds 'and in Pennsylvania where it had encountered the least opposition, Dr White was for some time the only clergyman'

It was not until many years after attaining its complete organization here, passing from the Church of England in the colonies" to the "Protestant Episcopal Church of the United States of America," that it became an aggressive ecclesiastical or religious force Its leading characteristic "was eminent respectability" Its preaching reflected the moderate temper of the English church in that apologetic period when, as Dr Johnson said, "the apostles were tried regularly once a week on charge of committing forgery' It was moral rather than Evangelical. Its tone was usually most cold Episcopal titles were cautiously defined. The convention of Maryland in 1783 recognized "other Christian churches under the American Revolution' In the preface of the prayer book it refers to itself as one of the different religious denominations of Christians in these states' Bishop White 'did not think the difficulties" to a union of the Episcopalians with the Methodist were 'insuperable, provided there was a conciliatory disposition on both sides' The first infusion of energy into this church was the introduction of the novel principle of lay representation by a change of the constitution brought about through the influence of Bishop White In 1804, Hobart's 'Companion to the Altar was published, in which the lawful authority' by which the sacraments might be administered was for the first time brought prominently before the public This provoked the memorable controversy with Dr Mason a prominent Presbyterian clergyman' and marks the beginning of a change of tone in the Episcopal church in the country It was the first sharp accentuation of its ecclesiastical distinctions Mr Hubart was soon afterward elevated to the Episcopate and in 1815 wrote a pastoral letter, taking strong grounds against co operation with other Christians in promoting religious objects, and boldly declaring That all the differences among christians are on points subordinate and non essential is an unfounded assertion This letter was at first described as bold and startling Its max ms had for a time a weighty counterpoise in the Evangelical party But by degrees they became the accepted maxims of the church and were conclusively adopted by the convention of 1844 The decided growth of the Episcopal church began with this enunciation of its distinct vs theory

The revival of the Church of England which was nearly contemporaneous with this strong denominational movement here, was of similar origin In 1833 Rev John Keble preached his famous sermon on "National Apostasy which led to the 'Oxford movement '—a strong and persistent assertion of the ecclesiastical peculiarities of the Anglican church One of the most striking features of ecclesiastical history is the connection thus illustrated, between the growth of the different Christian bodies and the zealous assertion by each of its distinctive faith. The Society of Friends was an aggressive force so long as it called itself 'the elect seed' and the rest of Christendom 'Babel,' but when it ceased to insist upon its exclusive claims it failed to make much impression upon the world At the beginning of the revolution the Congregationalists although confined mainly to New England, were by far the most numerous and influential denomination in the colonies But as a result of their facility of recognizing other churches especially the Presbyterian, equally as good as themselves, they have dwindled to the seventh rank among the more important religious bodies It is easier to convert people to a church than to religion, the history of all the churches shows this, and, we might add, it is easier to make people religious than to make them moral

The Episcopalians have discussed somewhat in their convention at Philadelphia the wisdom of changing their name and making themselves less a denomination and more catholic In the light of history we cannot but think that the result of such a change would be disappointing. The tendency of American Christianity, especially, is toward the strengthening of sectarian systems The Congregationalists, as we have said, have lost much ground by their failure to assert their denominational claims, and the Unitarians, to use an expressive phrase, are "getting left' still more, because their mission still more "overrules the boundaries of sects" The Roman Catholic church is the most denominational of all although claiming to be Catholic It is more exclusive than others, but in this exclusiveness is the main secret of its power This is only saying in other words that the growth of churches depends upon the concentrated force of conviction and faith which they bring to bear, through their organized efforts upon society The prevailing impulse of American religion is not, as is so often asserted, to split up into an endless variety of sects Dr Dollinger is reported to have said, 'How can I live in a country where they found a new church every day?' The tendency is in precisely the opposite direction Nearly all the sects were transplanted to this country to begin with, and the disposition of Christians now is to aggregate themselves under a few great denominational types We do not think the sectarian system tends to the development of the truest and noblest Christian culture, but it does stimulate zeal and gain adherents, as the history of the Episcopal church in this country plainly shows Any attempt on the part of that church to make itself less denominational, such as has been proposed at Philadelphia, will prove to be a great denominational mistake

The Cincinnati *Commercial Gazette* reminds the prohibitionists of Ohio that if the amendment for which they contended had carried they would still have needed a majority of the legislature to enforce it There was a notion abroad it says that if the amendment prevailed it would have magically closed the doors of every saloon in Ohio When it was shown that nothing of the sort would happen, and that it would require legislative reinforcement to give the amendment effect the assertion, though backed by the best legal opinion in the state, was received with a shout of derision Yet nothing was truer. The amendment adopted, the contention would have recurred biennially on the complexion of the legislature, and the anti-prohibitionists on he one side, backed by the money of a great vested interest would have been able to carry a majority of the legislature, and the amendment, would have been a dead letter for years to come If the Ohio prohibitionists can capture the legislature, there is nothing in the constitution as it now stands to prohibit them from abolishing the manufacture and sale of all intoxicants within the limits of the state And the same is true of Oregon The fact is that a constitutional amendment will help in much less degree to suppress the liquor traffic than most people suppose It can at best be no better than a statute and because it can not be enforced without a statute it may not be so good

The bill for a county option herd law introduced in the legislature of Washington by Mr Bessorer of Walla Walla is drawn with great precision and elaboration It is a new application of the principle of county option

IN MEMORIAM

Mrs M y E Smith beloved wife of A M Smith sweetly breathed her last in this city" Sunday Oct 21 at 10 o'clock P M aged 39 yrs 4 mos and 18 days She was born in Fayette county Pennsylvania April 3 1843 In her 19th year she was married to A M Smith of Cedar Rapids, Iowa April 18 1860 In 1865 they moved to Oregon coming by way of the Isthmus of Panama for a short stay in Albany they made a permanent home in Salem Soon after coming to Oregon she began the work of usefulness that so characterized them in their future course with those with whom they lived

In the spring of 1881 Mr Smith with his family moved to Portland, and have resided here ever since Some ten years ago Mrs Smith's health began to fail, and through the years that succeeding years of her life she has been a constant patient sufferer Hoping to gain some benefit from a change of climate, her husband in the year 18— took her to her old home in the states and then to Danville, N Y and many other resorts During this trip they traveled over 10000 miles and the constant change seemed to benefit her, for the fell disease that was preying upon her was checked for a time but only for a time for disease had marked for its victim

In the year 1866 her husband hoping the purer air of Hood River might benefit her built a cottage there and here she spent the summer and winter but returned in the spring rather worse than better So through the long years she was a great sufferer but under it all she murmured not patiently she bore it all her only words were Satan could not have health and strength to do more good in the world

While at Buena Vista, before sickness came upon her she was an active worker in the Sunday school, her class was always a large one, for she had that loving, winning way that drew the young people around her In the prayer meeting she was an active worker, and her counsel helped many a wandering one to choose the better way In her childhood she united with the Methodist church and was always a consistent member Her father and mother were devoted Christians and many of the loving traits of the mother's character were beautifully exemplified in her

A few years ago at a prayer meeting held at her house in Buena Vista, for the benefit of people to gather there, she was in a peculiarly happy state of mind, which seemed to follow her in the visions of the night, and she dreamed she was in that happy land where sorrow and sinking never come She was so happy that she sang in a sweet voice

"Holy spirit faithful guide,
Ever near the Christian's side,
Gently lead us by the hand
Pilgrims in a desert land,
Weary souls for ever roaming
Whispering softly wanderer come
Follow me, I'll guide thee home

Beer present, truest friend
Ever near thine aid to lend,
I am we not to doubt and fear
Grouping on in darkness drear
When the storms are raging sore,
Hearts grow faint and hope no more
Whispering softly wanderer come
Follow me I'll guide thee home

The singing awoke her husband who listened thrilled by the sim ot angelic music The impression of the dream never left her and through a long and suffering the bright thoughts of that dream seemed to ease the pain and was like an oasis in a desert. She was a kind and loving wife a good and patient mother Her true Christian character those out in her life and in her triumphant death Her life has been devoted to God's work and numerous are her testimonies to the fact that she has left friends hold to him ever wher S W York state is full of them Mr Conkling is getting no organization that does not understand that occasionally he is going an old partisan is thrown out of this interest in politics The last of available men for presidency is being thinned out Gen Sherman and Senator Edmunds report it Chauncey Depew's retirement is the best route to the nomination though the party is not to be run by the friends hold to him everywher S W York state is full of them Mr Conkling is getting no organization that does not understand that occasionally he is going an old partisan is thrown out of this interest in politics The last of available men for presidency is being thinned out Gen Sherman and Senator Edmunds report it Chauncey Depew's retirement is the best route to the nomination though the party is not to be run by the feeble Arthur If the worst labor for it he would be less available Hancock and the solid men of the western democracy will beat Cleveland although he is prominent in the feeling to President Arthur is becoming gentleman and I do not know whether he wants the nomination or not I hear that he is indifferent about it

Paralytic strokes heart disease and kidney affections prevented by the use of Brown's Iron Bitters

☞ Advertisements such as "Bonds," "Help Wanted," "To Let," "For Sale" "Lost," "Found," inserts of ten words or less for first insertion 25c and 10c per line thereafter. No insertion less than twenty five cents. These rates apply to cash customers only

Deaths Marriages and Births fifty cents each. Resolutions of Condolence ten cents per line. Advertisements occupying specific space to suit size

DIED

In Brownsville in the district of Linn C Oct 21 1883 Mrs Adeline A Bell aged 4 years. Funeral will take place from Corner Cooke and Fifth streets Sunday at 10 o'clock Friends are invited

Removals, Artistic Painters, 311 cor. Washington

NEW TO-DAY.

ENGRAVING on WOOD OR METAL AT THE West shore office 311 1/2 1st. 30

WANTED—GOOD BARBER READY JOB No 11 Third street but Yamhill B

FOR RENT—A VERY DESIRABLE SUITE OF rooms with board, references 251 tenth st 29

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO HOUSEWORK Apply to Rigor Hirschberg & Co 274

TRUNKS AND VALISES A LARGE ASSORTMENT received—Cheap for cash at the store of HEAD & LOVEJOY 251 Washington st

ALL KINDS OF MESSAGES AND ORDERS promptly delivered at reasonable rates ORDERS through 31 B LITT Third and Alder Box 37

LEAVE ORDERS FOR PRINTING AT Ellis Bookstore Ninth, for Harrington's Restaurant

FOR RENT—PLEASANT FRONT ROOM for gentlemen preferred. 211 Ninth bet. Taylor and Salmon

$1700—ELEGANT LOT 100 FOOT FRONT rooms, all full part cash WELCH & CO Stark st

$900—LODGING HOUSE 18 ROOMS CITY rooms WELCH & CO. Stark st 2nd

STORE FOR RENT, WASHINGTON ST. PIS sun has can be got by purchasing the fixtures price $250 cash 66 WELCH & CO Stark st

LODGING HOUSE WANTED, WILL BUY OR furniture WELCH & CO Stark st

$1000 PARTNER WANTED IN WELL ES tablished business. Call 23 Second st 2nd

FOR RENT—$30 A MONTH 7 ROOM HOUSE. well and cistern and good furniture 2nd

TO MORROW'S DINNER OYSTERS FRESH in cans direct from the ocean to you. Have it at 69 cts during to day Mc dowell Salmon fish and oyster st

GENTLEMAN AND WIFE WITHOUT CHILdren desire to rent furnished cottage for six months beginning Nov 1st Address Box 1 this office

GENTLEMEN WANTED TO SELL OUR NEW reference book A Hand Book of Facts WM H RIDE & CO 9 First st

LODGING HOUSE FOR SALE CHEAP 18 rooms all full part cash WELCH & CO Stark st

FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS PIANO FOR $150 cash or $175 on time Address Box 1 this office

TO MAKE ROOM FOR NEW GOODS WE will sell our entire stock of Furniture Carpets Stoves etc at cost for cash or on time 251 Second st

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY A PARTNER with $1000 to join in a profitable manufacturing business best of references given Address Box 1 this office 250

$4800 TO $5000 WANTED ON $15,000 worth of partly improved real estate pay $25 per month rental, for a term of from one to three years Address BONDSMEN care this office

PARIS—A TURKISH BATH PURELY FOR the use of a Russian bath parlor, but a good work Russian bath and a Turkish bath and a cold bath with electricity as electro medical bath purely medicinal it does as a rule finally a refined bath is at delightful during administration is for its free and genuine refinement. Ask up the street for the Russian Bath Parlors. MRS SANITARIUM Corbett and Morrison

PERSONAL—WARREN'S COMMISSION HOUSE and Shipping Agency Arlington Oregon for women or its Corbett and 175th st

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT.

WANTED A SITUATION IN STORE AS salesman by a man of experience Will accept $500 if opportunity to do so Address Box 1 this office 2nd

A NORWEGIAN 24 YEARS OF AGE WHO has the Scandinavian, the English, the German and the French languages at his command, and is acquainted with the East and West coasts of the United States desires a situation of any kind Will be willing to work hard for small wages Address this office

WANTED BY A YOUNG MARRIED MAN OF some experience a situation in a wholesale house with chance of advancement Is willing to work hard for small wages for a while Can give the best of references Address this office

A EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER WITH two years experience in the United States Courts wishes work will guarantee satisfaction Apply W CHILES Phonographic Institute 70 and 72 Sixth st 30

WANTED—SITUATION BY A WOMAN AS cook Apply at 86 South st bet Stark and Washington

A BOOKKEEPER WHOSE EVENINGS ARE unemployed wishes an engagement Address Clerk Box 1 this office 30

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GERMAN boy to learn the tinning business Address Box 1 this office 30

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED BY A YOUNG MARRIED MAN A good paying business can furnish horse and buggy and will travel Address Box 1 this office 30

WANTED—A SAN FRANCISCO WHOLESALE house wants a man to represent them in Oregon Washington and Idaho Territories Only those with first class trade need apply Address with salary and all particulars Grocer TRAVELER this office

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MAN OF family as engineer or fireman Can run either engine or boiler Address Box 1 this office 30

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MAN OF family as engineer or fireman Can run either engine or boiler Address Box 1 this office 30

TO LET—ROOMS.

UNFURNISHED FRONT ROOM TO RENT—$9 29 Alder st bet Sixth and Ninth 30

FURNISHED HOUSE ROOMS TO LET—187 Second st bet Park and Yamhill 250

FURNISHED ROOMS SINGLE AND EN SUITE for rent Inquire at 251 Yamhill, cor Second

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED FRONT room on first floor Inquire at N cor of Third and Jefferson sts 250

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS IN NEW brick 50 North 23d st 250

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS ON second floor also single room for rent Inquire at office 250 Stark st

TO RENT—2 NICELY FURNISHED HOUSE keeping rooms for gentlemen 251 Ninth st bet Fourth and Fifth corner Oak 250

HOUSE AND ROOMS TO LET AND FURNISHED for families bath and gas 25 Park st bet Yamhill and Market 250

TO LET—UNFURNISHED FRONT ROOM AT the Willamette Iron and Steel Works Apply to the superintendent on the premises 250

TO RENT—SUITE OF ROOMS NEW SUITABLE for light housekeeping 251 Ninth st bet Yamhill and Market 250

ROOMS AND BOARD.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED FRONT room suitable for gentleman 251 Ninth st bet Yamhill and Market 250

ONE OR TWO UNFURNISHED ROOMS TO let with board 251 Ninth st bet Yamhill and Market 250

TWO UNFURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT 251 Ninth st bet Yamhill and Market 250

PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT with board 251 Ninth st bet Yamhill and Market 250

THREE PLEASANTLY FURNISHED ROOMS with board 251 Ninth st bet Yamhill and Market 250

TO LET—STORES AND STORES.

FOR RENT—COTTAGE ON STREET CARLINE, 7 or 8 rooms, with bath and hydrant Apply at 251 Ninth st bet Yamhill and Market 250

FOR RENT—NEW STORES COR SIXTH AND Stark one by and the other Apply to ROBIN & ONEASKEY 251 First st 250

FOR RENT—LARGE FURNISHED HOUSE for a number of rooms south of Apply immediately to Block 15 Pres or Ellis at Bishop 250

FOR RENT—LARGE CORNER STORE AND dwelling with 9 rooms and bath Apply to Mrs Adkins on premises 250

FOR RENT—A NICE FURNISHED HOUSE of 7 rooms with bath and hydrant Apply to Mrs Adkins on premises 250

WANTED IMMEDIATELY ACTIVE WIDE awake smart men and women to canvass for our family bible Apply at 251 Second st 250

WANTED IMMEDIATELY ACTIVE AND reliable man to take charge of branch office in this city Salary $75 per month and expenses Address with stamp H 251 Second st Portland Or 250

WANTED—A GOOD MAN TO TAKE AN interest in a first class business Address Box 1 this office 250

HELP WANTED.

NURSE GIRL WANTED—APPLY AT NO 9 Morrison st. cor Fourth 250

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO HOUSEWORK Inquire cor N Tenth and Stark sts 250

WANTED—AS MANY DRESS AND CLOAK hands as I can get to make ready made garments for the spring trade Apply at once to the 1st of January Apply at H B LITTS 250

WANTED, COOK—TO REMAIN OR SHORT OR. Apply at Lodging House 251 Ninth st 250

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED GIRL TO DO cooking must come well recommended good salary and permanent place to competent person Call or address 251 Second st 250

WANTED—A GIRL FOR LIGHT HOUSE work Apply 251 Park st 250

CHINESE HOUSE SERVANTS PROMPTLY furnished ANDREW RAN 84 Washington st 250

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A STRONG HORSE AND a nearly new delivery wagon Inquire at 251 Washington st 250

FOR SALE—ONE-THIRD INTEREST IN A long established good paying business Address Lock box 947, Seattle, W T 250

FOR SALE—A LODGING HOUSE DOING GOOD business, sickness reason for selling location cash 251 Second st 250

FOR SALE—A FAMILY LODGING AND boarding house 20 rooms and all full Money maker Apply at 251 Second st 250

$4000—FIRST CLASS FAMILY LODGING house 30 rooms part cash WELCH & CO Stark st

$2000—LODGING HOUSE GOOD LOCA 20 rooms part cash WELCH & CO Stark st

FOR SALE CHEAP—ONE SECOND-HAND range almost new pocket and set wood saw attached, for sale cheap for cash Apply at 251 Front st Portland, Or.

FOR SALE—WELL-FURNISHED BUSINESS HOUSE known as the Delmon on 251 Front st with 20 rooms Good trade Will be sold on Monday Oct 29th at 10 o'clock A M Olympia reasons for selling Apply at the building or to JOHN SEBOWICK Olympia W T

FOR SALE—A SPLENDID BLACK TEAM of well broke mares 3 and 4 years old weight between 2100 and 2400 pounds each Also a fine 2 year old filly Inquire at Gardner's stables, cor Third and Ash sts

FOR SALE—THE MOUNT WASHINGTON, on the line of the Oregon Railway and Navigation Co, consisting railroad material at Mallory Station, Multnomah county, Oregon Portland Or For further information apply to GANTENBEIN Portland or 251 Front st

FOR SALE—MAGIC LANTERN OR STEREOPTICON first class manufacturers make two tubes with dissolving apparatus complete in fine thing to travel with, cabinet complete, also fine thing to travel with, cabinet complete, also fine thing to travel with, cabinet complete, also

The Oregonian.

MORNING, OCT. 27, 1888.

...ICAL REPORT.

...TLAND, Oct. 26, 7:57 P. M.

Time.	Bar.	Ther.	Wind Direc.	Wind Vel.	Rain fall.	State of weather.
5 A. M.	29.98	45	E	8	.00	Clear
8 A. M.	29.98	47	Calm		.00	Cloudy
11 A. M.	29.98	53	S	8	.01	Fair
2 P. M.	29.98	54	E	8	.32	Lt.Rn.
5 P. M.	29.98	50	S	8	.15	Lt.Rn.
8 P. M.	29.98	46	E	8	.00	Clear

...mum temperature, 54; minimum, 45.

...CITY.

...Seventeenth to Third and ...ets at close of fair.

...Henry Schauer, charged ... his wife was arraigned in the ... and the case continued until ... Schauer furnished $25, the required bail, ... his liberty. This above might seem ... Schauer's wife heard and deservedly ... of the law, but the sequel ... Justice Green's court at the ... different and serious complexion ... Henry Schauer, two of the ... against each ... of them himself a short ... the charges against each are ... and wife are easily ... for threats of murder. The ... have brought about ... and wife are easily ... and Mrs. Schauer do not live to... ... times, having previous... ... Schauer does live ... these two women have at di... ... and sundry public and ... to associate quite intimate... ... that caused ... Mr. and Mrs. Schauer. Now ... and by the First National bank, and soon after the ... became public.

EXTENT OF THE FAILURE.

No one in the city, so far as could be learned, has anything like a correct knowledge of the firm's affairs, Ad. having had entire charge of that department. Debts are estimated at between $40,000 and $60,000. The largest creditor is the First National Bank, which has on about $12,000 worth of their paper, secured by collaterals, and further secured by a mortgage given by Joe last Wednesday on some property in the south end valued at $3,500. They owe the Portland Savings Bank about $2,500, not secured. Quite a number of small dealers banked with the firm, because they could deposit and get drafts at much later hours than with banks. Among these are Holman, Ankeny & Co., Ladd & Tilton, Allen & Lewis, Henry Lemmins and others. A considerable number of Hebrew women deposited their savings with the firm, and are losers in sums ranging from $100 to $1000.

Mrs. S. Abraham had deposited $750 the savings of years. She cast her husband stood around the office two or three hours, trying to learn the condition of things, without being able to elicit any information. Mrs. Abraham remarked: "My will be very bad. She saved the money for a rainy day and now it's raining and she can't get the money.

Whether the moneys belonging to the insurance companies represented by them is involved is also not known. They were agents for the Connecticut Fire, North British and Mercantile, German-American, Scottish Union and National, Leon and Hamburg-Magdeburg fire insurance companies, and for the marine department of the Firemen's Fund of San Francisco. Their operations were not confined to Portland alone, but extended through interior agencies, into different parts of Oregon and Washington. It is not likely that any of the policies issued by them will be invalidated or jeopardized by the failure. Of course the companies are protected by bonds.

No one can form an estimate of the assets. It is generally understood that notes for money which they loaned were turned over to the First National Bank as collateral, and remaining assets are supposed to be very small.

JOE BACHMAN'S STATEMENT.

A reporter of THE OREGONIAN called in the afternoon on Joe Bachman at his residence, No. 381 East Park street. Though confined to his bed from his fever and a severe cold, he consented to talk. He said that the failure was as much a surprise to him as to anyone else. Entire control of the finances was in the hands of his brother, and he had retained Ad. impliedly never interfering in any way with the inside management of the business. He had no idea of the liabilities of the firm, and could not tell without a complete examination had been made. He expected to be able to leave his bed to-day or to-morrow, and with the help of an expert learn exactly the condition of affairs. This done, he would call a meeting of the creditors and do his best toward a settlement. He had already sent for Mr. Stillman, manager of the insurance companies represented by the firm, and asked him to telegraph to his (Bachman's) companies.

THE NEWS OF THE FAILURE

Was received with great surprise by down town merchants, among whom the report spread rapidly. While the brothers never had any considerable possessions, they stood well in the business community, and a wide had fair credit. Joe was city treasurer for six years, Ad. handling all the money, amounting to millions, and every cent was honestly accounted for. When the books were turned over to his successor, the committee on ways and means complimented him on the very able manner in which the books had been kept.

It is stated by those who know that Ad. has been a gambling of late, often till 4 o'clock in the morning, at the club rooms on Washington street, near First, and that he was a heavy loser. He has been very heavy. Joe said that he also had heard of this, and believed it to be true.

Late in the afternoon, Stearns Bros., cigar dealers, who had a deposit certificate of $10, attached the building occupied by the firm, and the safe, fixtures, etc.

BRIEF MENTION.

"Chispa" matinee to-day.

Last night of "Chispa" at New Market theater.

Found—Photograph of a priest; inquire at this office.

The Turn-Verein will give a hop to-morrow night at the hall.

The State of California arrived here at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

A lot of fine, large, fresh strawberries were received last night by S. L. Stone.

The new schoolhouse at Albina is completed and ready for occupancy next Monday.

The contract for building the docks for the new Scouring mills at Albina is nearly completed.

The Multnomah Street Railway Company carry school children for half fare on monthly passes.

The fire alarm sounded about 11:30 o'clock yesterday morning was a false one and caused by repairers working at the wires.

Sheriff Sears will to-day sell at public auction the household goods of Prager Bros.' Freezers and Mechanics' store on First street.

Portland has a good many newspapers, but there is still plenty of room for another—just as much room as there was a year ago.

Lew Wagner, charged by Fred Love with threatening to kill the latter, has furnished bail for his appearance in the police court next Monday, when an examination will be had.

John O'Brien, who was arrested by the police for stealing coal oil, waived an examination before Judge Moreland, and was committed to the county jail in default of $250 bonds.

Personal property belonging to C. F. Hunter has been attached to the amount of $40 75, upon the suit of Mart n and Lysons, which was begun yesterday in Justice Greene's court.

John Clancy, who was indicted for larceny by the grand jury, was yesterday discharged from custody and the case dismissed by Judge Stott, because the prosecuting witness had absconded.

The furniture store of W. B. Wallace, on Second street, between Main and Salmon, was closed by the sheriff yesterday upon an attachment issued by Judge Stott in the suit of Walter Byon, for the sum of $2901 30.

The ship Piten, lying at the foot of Taylor street, has been delayed somewhat in getting her Chinese supplies on board, but the Celestials were on board on about yesterday, and it is thought the vessel will sail to-day.

L. Jacobs and M. Marks, two merchants, arrested by the police for obstructing sidewalks by having goods in front of their stores, contrary to a city ordinance, did not appear for trial yesterday, and each forfeited to the city his bail of $5.

F. Stapleton has obtained a five years' lease on the lot adjoining the Oconto hotel on the south, and is erecting a three-story building, about 40x50 feet in size, for a lodging house. The frame is now up and the building will probably be completed and in use during the next month.

Alum is used in many baking powders as a cheap substitute for cream tartar. All such powders are dangerous, for it requires no considerable amount of alum to ill order digestion and ruin health. Ammonia is sometimes used to enliven the powder. To escape all of these objectionable drugs, use only Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE.

We visited yesterday the wholesale woodenware warehouse of L. Feldman & Co., at 125 First street, who, by the way, have branch stores in San Francisco, Sacramento and Sydney. Upon inquiry of these gentlemen, we learned that the products in wooden ware on the Pacific coast manufactory their own ...ly, and a large trade from several Eastern factories, which also from the Coos Bay Stave and Lumber Co.'s factory in San Francisco, in which association they own a large amount of stock. It seems that the ... are only four factories of this kind on the coast, first in importance being the Coos Bay Stave and Lumber Co., in San Francisco; next, the California Penitentiary factory, and then those of St. Nicholas factory in Salem. Some eight months ago, however, the latter mentioned factory was purchased by the Coos Bay association, so at present all three of the California factories are owned by them. Next in order comes the Portland, or before the fire. Next to order comes the Portland, or St. John's factory, which is owned by a prominent ... who resides in Portland. It seems to us, ... that with all the timber, water power and other facilities ... by affording here, there should be more manufactories of this description in Oregon.

O. ENNERT & SON'S BOOTS.

Wherry & Hollabaugh have just received from Philadelphia a new stock of the above goods, which they offer at the store of Fourth and Morrison streets. Ladies can find a superior stock of Hand and Machine Sewed Shoes of every kind, size and style.

JUST RECEIVED.

A selected lot of "Level Literary" the new and popular edition of the best authors. New ones received as soon as published. The latest fashion books, Harper and English magazines and periodicals always on hand. CAE FIELD.

90 First street, opposite Union Block.

THE VIENNA COFFEE HOUSE,

25 Washington street, leads all. Oysters in every style.

Music dealers, or parties needing instruments, should send to Kohler & Chase's branch house, Portland, Or.

Music Boxes, send orders for music and instruments to Wiley B. Allen, 151 Third st., Portland.

All intending forgers, defaulters and absconders should consult Child & Co. Dr. Tucker's cure they are guaranteed, and raise what money they need by pawning their diamonds, jewelry, sealskins, pianos, etc., at Uncle Myers', 261 First street.

Sideshire and harnessed Snow Flake, to beautify the complexion. Ladies, use it. Sold only by Child & Co., druggists, Second and Morrison.

For "Madame Rachel's Enamel Bloom" or "Low's Rouge Rose" call on Child & Co. druggists, corner Morrison and Second streets.

Oysters four dollars per sack at Keith's

THE MECHANICS' FAIR.

To-night will wind up the fair. There will of course be a crush at the pavilion, and the scene will be unusually brilliant. A fine musical programme has been arranged for the occasion.

H. SINSHEIMER.

Our report of the fair for 1883 would be incomplete did we not say a few words in regard to the famous Decker & Son piano exhibited in the main gallery by Mr. Sinsheimer, the agent for the Northwest. The Decker & Sons piano has maintained the lead in the United States for many years. It has been endorsed by such eminent musicians as Emma Abbott, William G. Vogt, Clara L. Gabby, S. B. Mills, Emilia Pacoli, Luigi Arditi, Anna Bishop, and hundreds of others whom we have not space to mention. Recently a great improvement has been made in these renowned instruments. The improvement is a wonderful discovery, and has stirred the musical world with admiration. The new improvement is in the use of *composition metallic frames*, which are really a surprise to every musician who has touched the keys of this noble instrument. With the new composition metallic frames, the Decker & Son piano is noted for its prevailing quality, great depth and purity of tone in all the registers, and prompt elastic touch, combined with great power and adaptation to withstand the influences of extreme climates. They also have an improved rest plank, which, with the new composition metallic frames, make them stronger, and capable of much greater resistance to the tension of all the strings than old cast iron plates used by other makers, and which makes them remain in tune, and up to pitch superior to all others. We had the pleasure of listening to one of the Decker & Son's upright and baby grand pianos last evening at the pavilion, which are constructed with the new composition metallic frames. They are beautiful instruments. In quality of tone they are certainly unsurpassed by any upright pianos made. Their bass is powerful, while each tone is perfect and clear by itself. The middle is rich and full, and the treble is brilliant and clear as a bell. The great power and the excellently sustained quality of tone of instrument, together with the added strength and beauty of the new composition metallic frames, prove at once the superiority of these frames over the old cast iron plates heretofore used. Another point of interest to these instruments made with the metallic composition frames is, that by reason of its superior strength a lighter character of construction is permitted, it being more of a skeleton to design than the ordinary plate, yet offering a greater resistance to the tremendous pull on the strings. But of the greatest importance is the wonderful rich quality of tone which the use of this frame secures. So popular and celebrated has this magnificent instrument become, that parties have undertaken to counterfeit the name and palm off inferior instruments on unsuspecting buyers. Purchasers should see that they get the genuine Decker & Son pianos, established in 1856, for which H. Sinsheimer, No. 31 Yamhill street, between First and Second, is the sole agent for the northwest.

S. W. FLENNICK'S

Elegant display of pianos and organs is pronounced by all to be the finest exhibit in the fair. His Fleetco piano is the richest and purest in tone of any we have heard, and as to price, it is very low considering the excellency of the instrument.

RUSSELL & CO.

Exhibit the New Hamilton thresher and also the best saw mill machinery ever displayed at the fair. The Hamilton thresher has the "sicker" attachment which is a great improvement. Its operation is exactly that of a man (or several men) with a fork lightly separating and tossing the straw as it passes from under the separating apparatus. The sicker keeps the straw the tossing of the light straw too far. Winding, so fatal to many separating devices, is unknown with this attachment. Every farmer who has seen it work is delighted with it.

FOSTER & ROBERTSON'S

Exhibit was brilliantly lighted up last evening, and attracted great attention from all visitors to the pavilion. The elegant display of fine goods which they had on exhibition commenced on, the conclusion of all seemed to be that they were the most beautiful ever seen in Portland. The firm also exhibit a splendid assortment of table cutlery, which has attracted the earnest attention of many housewives. The gas fixtures, also come in for a vast amount of praise. Many have remarked on the beautiful designs of the metal framed stand and hand mirrors, of which they exhibit a great variety. In their exhibit we also noticed a great assortment of reflectors, lamps and stand and elegant chandeliers, fine razors, fountain fixtures, etc., all of the best make, latest in design and varied in assortment. Altogether we can truthfully say Messrs. Foster & Robertson make one of the most attractive displays in the fair. They are an enterprising firm, and are pushing their trade in all parts of the northwest, and are maintaining the lead through promptness, first-class goods and low prices.

NELSON, HALL & CO.,

The popular druggists, No. 91 Third street, Almaworth block, have on exhibit the finest assortment of toilet articles ever seen at any fair in Portland. The articles are varied in assortment and prices, beautiful in design and finish, and will be much sought after as Christmas and New Years gifts. They also have on display their celebrated hair tonic—the Quinine Hair Tonic—which they manufacture, and which is an excellent remedy to keep the hair from falling out. While it is being used no other dressing is needed. It stimulates the growth and keeps the hair perfectly soft and pliable. Their patent specialties, which are meeting with much favor among the people of Oregon, Washington and Idaho.

A. M. SMITH.

The proprietor of the Sheuk Vista pottery works, has on display a large assortment of his wares. The exhibit comprises excellent samples of sewer pipe, drain tile, stoneware, chimney flues, flower pots, fire brick, etc. Mr. Smith has been in the business for many years, and by hard work, fair dealing and the production of first class wares, has succeeded in building up an immense trade in both counties in all parts of the northwest. Recently he has added a new line to his manufacture, that of chimney flues. He says the north west should be shipped from other countries when just as good ones could be made right here at home, so he has entered largely into the business. He has been successful, and will succeed in this there is no doubt, as the samples on exhibition at the pay line show a superiority over the imported article.

THE VICTOR MOWING MACHINE

Is considered by all the farmers who have visited the fair this year as being the best machine ever brought to Oregon. It has met with a large sale throughout this state and Washington territory, and it has given universal satisfaction. It has strength and durability, yet is simple in construction. It has a compound draft attachment, which removes the weight from side draft. It is a very strong pitman and revolving gun metal horse, instead of a rubbit. Being geared high, with two pawls in each wheel, it will wheel on its top gear. In fact all other superior points make it the best mowing machine in market.

THE NORTH PACIFIC MANUFACTURING CO.

Feel very much encouraged by the enthusiastic praise which has been so freely bestowed on the character of their work exhibited at the fair. Through the exhibit they have made many sales and taken orders for quite a number of carriages, buckboards, etc. It is the most complete display in this line ever made here before and comprises numerous styles of carriages, buckboards, buggies, delivery wagons, road carts, phaetons, grocery wagons, trucks, drays, lumber wagons, thoroughbrace coaches, etc. In their repository, corner of 2d and T streets, they have over fifty different styles which they manufacture. They also manufacture street cars, agricultural implements etc., which for workmanship and excellent material used cannot be surpassed. The manager, Wesley Jackson, would be pleased to have intending purchasers pay a visit to the factory and examine the materials used in the manufacture of different work before purchasing, that they may satisfy themselves as to the very superior quality of all material used in the construction of all their articles. To those visiting their shops they will offer the Washington or Third street cars.

THE DOMESTIC

Sewing machine on exhibition in the main hall near the center of the machinery hall has many points of excellence. Its set of attachments are very fine, it is light running, elegant in finish, noiseless, seldom goes out of repair and without low in price. These and other qualities make it a favorite with large numbers. Mr. F. L. Tilcston, the agent, is located at 65 Morrison street, where all the different styles can be seen.

BAYER & STAUCH.

Manufacturers of galvanized iron cornices, metal roofers, have a very attractive display in the main hall to the right of the Second street entrance. They exhibit their celebrated Retinet patent smoke and ventilating chimney, ventilators and chimney tops are noticed by all. These are the best articles in the market and, being very light in form, they meet with a large sale. Bayer & Stauch have a large trade in galvanized iron cornices and are the leaders in that line in Portland.

ESAU J. A. SEMLER & CO.'S

Display of homeopathic medicines still receive much attention from visitors. They have a full stock of physicians' supplies at wholesale; also homeopathic books, etc. On application their price list of homeopathic assistant will be mailed free to any address. Their well stocked establishment is located at 93 Morrison street, between Fourth and Fifth.

H. F. GULLIFSON & CO.'S

Fine display of carpets is really a pleasure to look upon. He has the latest designs in Alex. Smith & Son's moquettes, the fine framed Bigelow-body Brussels and other superior makes of carpets, which go to make up the finest line of goods in Portland. They have a new floor covering, "English Corticle," which is superior to anything of the kind ever made. Call at their store, corner of First and Yamhill, and examine their beautiful stock.

THE CENTENNIAL OATS,

Exhibited by J. Q. Young, has been pronounced by all as the best invention in that line ever made. For the farmer it is invaluable. Drivers of vehicles or horsemen can open it without leaving their seats. When it is closed it is securely locked, and is simple, cheap and durable. For particulars address Mr. Young at Cedar Mill, Washington county, Oregon.

J. O. CARSON'S

Exhibit is noted for its completeness. It embraces everything in building material that is used in the construction of buildings. He has unrivaled facilities for furnishing all kinds of hardware, plate and window glass, and is a manufacturer of sash, doors and blinds, window and door frames, mouldings, brackets, cornices, etc., in endless variety. He has stairs and all kinds of stair material constantly on hand, and also a large stock of seasoned finishing lumber. These are all furnished at low prices. Take a look at his exhibit and see the style of his goods.

A. ROBERTS'

Fine exhibit of men's, youths' and boys' clothing is one of the main attractions in the gallery. Roberts is ahead, and don't you forget it.

F. A. CHANDONNET & CO.

Have captured the people with their greatest and most novelty in the furniture line—the Burr parlor folding bed. Don't fail to see it. It is one of the most wonderful inventions of the age. They are elegant in style, cheap in price, durable, easily made down and folded up, takes but little room when not in use and has many other points of excellence which commend it to the public. Chandonnet & Co. have a large stock of the very finest furniture on the coast, embracing all the new styles and late designs. They have a large manufacturing and carpet house in San Francisco through which they obtain facilities that enable them to sell all goods at the very lowest rates, and also places them in a position to obtain every new style or design as soon as it is out. This gives their patrons immense advantages. Their sales and ware rooms are located on the corner of First and Yamhill, where the visitors will find polite and efficient attendants who will assist them in the selection of goods.

A. G. WALLING,

Whose display of lithographic work at the fair has attracted so much attention, will maintain the lead in this line of work without doubt as long as he remains in the business. He never turns out poor work or employs inferior artists, consequently he is always crowded with orders.

FRANK G. ARELL

Is another man who leads in his business. The photographs on display at the pavilion are a fair sample of what his general work is, and if it doesn't excel any other work on the coast then we don't know good from bad.

PIANOS AT THE FAIR.

The rich, pure tone of the McCammon piano exhibited at the booth of J. H. Robbins & Son rings out through the pavilion every evening to the great delight of all visitors.

THE MITCHELL WAGONS.

The Mitchell wagon is a great favorite with all who have use for a good wagon. So also are the carriages, buggies, express, delivery, grocery and other spring wagons turned out by the Mitchell Wagon Company. If our readers wish to see an elegant stock of these last named let them go to the Mitchell warerooms on Front, between Yamhill and Taylor.

G. SHINDLER & CO'S

Exhibit of school furniture is a special feature of the fair. Their display of parlor and bedroom furniture, wall paper, etc., still being an admiring throng. The folding chair exhibited by them is one of the most interesting of all exhibits. As a chair it is an elegant easy chair; as a lounge and you have a splendid lounge; while still more unfolding a bed of large size, easy springs and fine appearance is secured. Don't fail to see this wonderful easy chair.

H. PFUNDER'S

Floral display could have been by no other florist in Portland. His beautifully filled booth is decorated with flowers of all kinds, and artistically arranged with pampas grasses in varied colors, while one of the features of his display is a variety, white and pink camellias, hanging baskets, etc., the splendors of which must be seen to be appreciated. His display in Scottish Hall is also in grand style, and embraces all the beautiful flowers and plants that grow.

CLIFF WARE

Has shown the people of the northwest what can be done by a first-class artist in his line. The lady visitors at the fair have been united in commendation of his exhibit. Especially do they admire his new dolls' wigs, scalloped wigs, curls and also his general display of hair goods. The display is composed only of average samples of goods selected at random from his general stock, and is not a "picked lot" for special exhibit. At his store, 55 Morrison street, can be seen any amount of just such goods as is displayed at the pavilion.

MRS. A. G. GUMP

Have the most beautiful display of picture frames, mirrors, statuary, onyx top stands, etc., ever seen in Portland. No other dealer in the northwest could have made such an elegant and varied exhibit. Much of the handsome gilt work was done by Mr. T. B. Harrington, who is now with the firm, and who has superintended the artistic arrangement of the goods.

CAPITOL MILLS FLOUR.

The exhibit of the City of Salem Company is very striking, being a pyramid of sacks encased Capitol Mills flour, with a portrait of the mill on each. So well that they are taken by many to be of silk and satin.

This favorite flour has again taken the silver medal (the highest award given at the Mechanics' fair), not for fine display of silk sacks but for superiority and excellence of manufacture.

This is the third year in succession this flour has won the medal, which distinction speaks for itself. All first-class grocers keep this superior article.

STAVER & WALKER.

This well known firm have the only complete line of farming machinery on exhibition. Their display comprises the celebrated J. I. Case Agitator separators, traction engines and Pingree horse-powers, Studebaker farm and spring wagons and buggies, Blondgett corn mills and sulky rakes, J. I. Case sulky and walking plows, Acme harrows, Diamond feed mills, etc. The energy and business ability of this house, as evidenced by their securing the best machinery made in the United States and selling on fair terms, at a reasonable profit, has built up the leading business in this line in the northwest. Many agitator separators were sold by them this season than of all other kinds by all other dealers in this market, and they are everywhere acknowledged to which has attracted the earnest attention of many which has attracted the earnest attention of many which has attracted the earnest attention of many

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, OCT. 27, 1883.

NEWS OF THE NORTHWEST.

Eastern Oregon.

The Grant county agricultural fair will open October 30 and close November 1. The association offers $600 in purses for speed of horses in the different races. The addition rose purse will reach $500 to $1,000. Free to all comers in America.

Western Oregon.

Salem is to have a new city jail, built of brick, in the rear of the city hall. It will be 32x36 feet, one story high, and will contain seven cells. Mr. J. J. Shephard is the contractor.

There are about 180,000 bushels of wheat lying near the Willamette at Wheatland, awaiting shipment, which has been delayed on account of the low water making navigation impossible on the Willamette.

Belden Statesman: Mrs. Dillard, wife of Rev. John Dillard, of Dillard's Station, met with a sad misfortune Monday, from the effects of which she will probably not recover. In attempting to replace some firebrands that had rolled off the fire she fell forward into the blazing mass, and her clothing instantly taking fire, she could not be extricated quickly enough to save the timely arrival of the hired girl, who, with the utmost presence of mind, threw a blanket over her and extinguished the flames. Help was called, and all that could be done was done for the suffering woman, yet little hopes are entertained of her recovery. She is about 50 years old, and one of Oregon's pioneer women.

Washington Territory.

On the 19th more fall between Yakima and Ellensburg, completely covering the ground.

There are now thirteen engines at work on the Kalama and Puyallup division of the N. P. R. R. and work is becoming so rapidly that a greater number will soon be required.

Vancouver Independent: Potato digging is being engaged in quite extensively these days and the crop is turning out better and larger than was expected, although it is a short crop.

Seattle Chronicle: Bidders for freight are being cut in the new O. R. & N. dock. It is gratifying to note that preparations for the erection of a railway along the waterfront and big warehouses are being made.

The fall term of the United States district court, holding terms for the counties of Clarke and Skamania, will commence in Vancouver on Monday, November 5. The session on the docket are unusually numerous.

A few years ago, says the Vancouver *Independent*, Charles Hutchinson, while engaged shoeing a fractious horse, received a severe wound on the left side of the face from a kick of the blacksmith's dog and a gash was cut in the scalp above where the hair parts. Dr. Brown sewed a little blister, or more to one side, he would undoubtedly have been killed.

An Olympia correspondent, writing to the Seattle *Herald*, says: "Ex-Governor Newell, who was shot by highwaymen in the suburbs of the city last Saturday evening, is doing as well as could be expected, but it will be two or three weeks before he will be able to be about. A general conviction in the public mind that the perpetrators of the crime were not Olympians, though that seemed to be the impression which was first entertained. Governor Newell's assailants were strangers in the suburbs of the city last Saturday evening, in